

### **Amendments to the Specification**

**Pages 34-35, please replace paragraph [0071] with the following rewritten paragraph [0071]:**

[0071]

<Test Example 3> [ Oral glucose tolerance test in mice]

The compound of the present invention of Example 5 was suspended in 0.3% sodium carboxymethylcellulose (CMC-Na, Sigma). Seven weeks old male ICR mice (Charles River Laboratories Japan) were acclimatized for a week. During the acclimatization period, the animals were allowed to freely consume standard feed (CE-2, Clea Japan) and water. Starting from week 8, the ICR mice were fasted for 16 hours. Subsequently, mice were orally administered 0.3%CMC-Na (10 mL/kg) or Compound 1 (~~10~~ 1 mg/kg, 10 mL/kg). 30 minutes after the administration, a glucose solution was orally administered at a dose of 5 g/kg. Using an EDTA 2K-treated capillary tube, blood samples were collected from the tail vein before administration of glucose solution and 15, 30, 60, and 120 minutes after administration. The blood glucose level was determined using glucose B-test Wako (Wako Pure Chemical Industries). The results were shown in means  $\pm$  standard errors. Statistical analysis was performed using t-test with a significant level of less than 5%. The results are shown in Fig. 1.